### ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA)

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Commission Arizona Power Authority Phoenix, Arizona

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Arizona Power Authority (A Body, Corporate and Politic, of the state of Arizona) (the Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Arizona Power Authority as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Arizona Power Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Arizona Power Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Arizona Power Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Arizona Power Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona March 7, 2023

### Introduction

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Arizona Power Authority's (the Authority) financial performance for the operating year ended September 30, 2022. This discussion is designed to: (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, and (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the 2022 operating year's activities, resulting changes and known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This MD&A is an introduction to the basic financial statements of the Authority, which are comprised of two components.

- (1) Fund Financial Statements
- (2) Notes to the Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the Authority uses to keep track of specific sources of revenues and disbursements for specific purposes. The Authority's funds are treated as proprietary and are independent of each other. Most of the Authority's financial dealings are with contracts outside of state government. A separate fund is not maintained for government activities. The Authority does not act as a fiduciary for any funds.

### **USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT**

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows (on pages 12, 13, and 14, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Authority as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Authority's finances. The Authority is a body, corporate and politic, of the state of Arizona and is a special-purpose government entity engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the financial statements presented are the required basic financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended.

### **AUTHORITY HIGHLIGHTS**

**Effects of Drought on Hoover Energy** – The Colorado River Basin has been experiencing severe drought conditions for the past twenty-three years. This has resulted in a reduction in Lake Mead's storage and the power production at Hoover Dam. In response to customer requests, the Authority continues to purchase supplemental power to offset the reduced energy production at Hoover. The supplemental power costs are significantly higher than Hoover rates and are passed directly to the requesting customers. These supplemental revenues and costs are reflected on the Authority's records, resulting in higher revenue and purchased power costs.

### **REVENUES**

*Increase/Decrease in Commission Approved Power Rates* – State statute requires the rates be set at levels to recover the cost of supplying services. In addition, contracts between the Authority and its customers provide specific details regarding rate determination. The Arizona Power Authority Commission is solely responsible for periodically adjusting rates, as appropriate.

**Market Impacts on Investment Income** – During operating year 2022, market conditions resulted in a 214% increase in investment returns. This trend is expected to continue throughout operating year 2023.

**Economic Drought Condition** – Although the drought condition in the Colorado River Basin continues, increased efficiency improvements at Hoover Dam have helped to offset the decreases resulting from reduced water levels.

### **EXPENSES**

**Increase/Decrease in Authorized Personnel** – Changes in the Authority's services may result in increasing/decreasing authorized staffing. Operating year 2022 staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represented 3.03% of the Authority's operating costs. For operating year 2021, staffing costs represented 4.15% of the Authority's operating costs.

**Salary Structure** – The ability to attract and retain competent personnel requires the Authority to provide a competitive salary structure, which is reviewed annually, and is within state guidelines.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's 2022 net position increased by \$219,241 due to normal operating activity.
- The Authority's 2021 net position increased by \$125,329 primarily due to normal operating activity.
- The Authority's 2022 operating revenues decreased by \$4,098,943 or 17.74% primarily due to less supplemental power purchased by customers.
- The Authority's 2021 operating revenues decreased by \$16,297,576 or 41.36% primarily due to less supplemental power purchased by customers.

### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

There are three normal transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statements of Net Position summary presentation:

**Net Results of Activities** – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

**Principal Payment on Debt** – which will reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt, and impact restricted net position.

**Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation** – which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

### Condensed Statements of Net Position Business-Type Activities

				Di	fference	Difference	
	2	2022	2021	in	Amount	in Percent	
Current Assets	\$ 11	,986,417	\$ 11,617,890	\$	368,527	3.17 %	
Long-Term Assets	22	2,081,300	23,033,971		(952,671)	(4.14)	
Capital Assets, Net		127,037	141,918		(14,881)	(10.49)	
Total Assets	34	1,194,754	34,793,779		(599,025)	(1.72)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		78,814	143,869		(65,055)	(45.22)	
Current Liabilities	3	3,607,191	3,686,579		(79,388)	(2.15)	
Long-Term Bonds Payable, Net	24	1,393,583	25,107,853		(714,270)	(2.84)	
Total Liabilities	28	3,000,774	28,794,432		(793,658)	(2.76)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		268,452	358,115		(89,663)	(25.04)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		127,037	141,918		(14,881)	(10.49)	
Restricted for Debt Service	3	3,006,785	2,988,541		18,244	0.61	
Unrestricted	2	2,870,520	2,654,642		215,878	8.13	
Total Net Position	\$ 6	5,004,342	\$ 5,785,101	\$	219,241	3.79	

### **Operating Year 2022 Condensed Statement of Net Position Discussion**

**Current Assets** increased due to it being the last year of five billings to "new" A & B customers for transitional costs and repayable advances.

**Long-Term Assets** decreased by \$952,671 due to \$408,935 in transitional costs and repayable advances being billed to "new" A&B customers and hence becoming current and \$551,988 in future benefits due to the 2014 refinancing being reclassified as current.

**Capital Assets, Net** decreased due to the purchase of fixed assets in the amount of \$4,646, less depreciation of \$19,527.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources** decreased due to the net changes in the pension and OPEB liability accruals.

Current Liabilities decreased primarily due to the decrease in supplemental power contracts payable.

**Long-Term Liabilities** decreased due to a pay down of the 2014 Bond Principal and a decrease in the pension and OPEB liabilities.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources** decreased due to the change in the pension and OPEB liability accruals.

**Net Position** increased primarily due to the net income for the period.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had \$127,037 invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net increase (additions less retirements and depreciation) of \$4,673 during operating year 2021, and a net decrease of \$14,881 during operating year 2022.

	 September 30,						
	2022	2021					
General Plant - Office	\$ 127,037	\$	141,918				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 127,037	\$	\$ 141,918				

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in capital assets for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, which is presented in detail in Note 5:

	September 30,					
	2022			2021		
Beginning Balance	\$	141,918	\$	137,245		
Additions		4,646		27,691		
Depreciation		(19,527)		(23,018)		
Ending Balance	\$	127,037	\$	141,918		

### **DEBT OUTSTANDING**

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had \$24,335,000 in debt outstanding for the 2014 Series Bonds.

As of September 30, 2021, the Authority had \$24,915,000 in debt outstanding for the 2014 Series Bonds.

### **LIQUIDITY**

Pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) Section 30-124, the Commission of the Authority shall establish electric rates to include such price components as are necessary to maintain the Authority, to provide and maintain reasonable working capital and depreciation and other necessary and proper reserves. Components that are necessary to maintain the Authority include employee payroll, occupancy costs, cost of purchases or construction of generation and transmission services, and any cost factors chargeable to the cost of providing service as the Commission deems necessary or advisable to establish and maintain the financial integrity of the Authority. Contracts for sale of electric power to the Authority's customers include rates which may be modified upon 24-hour notice when such action is necessary in the sole judgment of the Commission in order to achieve the purposes of A.R.S. Section 30-124. The Commission, on a monthly basis, reviews the financial status of the Authority, including expenses and revenues and the adequacy of the rates to maintain the Authority's financial integrity. During operating years 2022 and 2021, the Commission did not change rates.

### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

There are normal transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position summary presentation:

Operating Revenues – which increase/decrease as a result of economic conditions and power usage.

**Operating Expenses** – which increase/decrease as a result of purchased power costs, transmission costs, and operating costs.

**Other Income (Expenses)** – which increase/decrease as a result of investment market conditions and amortization of the future benefit of the 2014 bond refinancing.

### Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Business-Type Activities

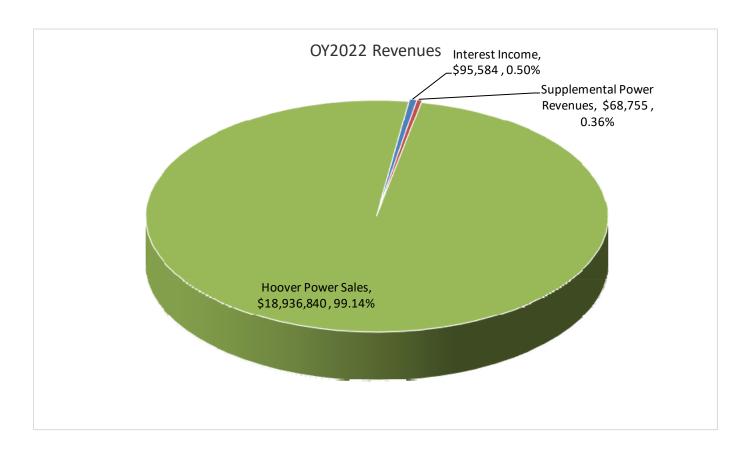
				Difference	Difference
	2022		2021	in Amount	in Percent
Operating Revenues	\$ 19,005,595	\$	23,104,538	\$ (4,098,943)	(17.74)%
Operating Expenses:					
Purchased Power	16,270,185		20,225,938	(3,955,753)	(19.56)
Administrative and General	916,787		1,080,970	(164,183)	(15.19)
Amortization of Hoover Prepayment Program	534,037		520,575	13,462	2.59
Depreciation	 19,527		23,018	 (3,491)	(15.17)
Total Operating Expenses	17,740,536		21,850,501	(4,109,965)	(18.81)
Operating Income	1,265,059		1,254,037	11,022	0.88
Nonoperating Income (Expenses):					
Interest Expense	(1,141,402)		(1,159,138)	17,736	(1.53)
Interest Income	95,584		30,430	65,154	214.11
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)	(1,045,818)	_	(1,128,708)	82,890	(7.34)
Changes in Net Position	219,241		125,329	93,912	(74.93)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,785,101		5,659,772	125,329	2.21
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 6,004,342	\$	5,785,101	\$ 219,241	3.79

### **Operating Year 2022 Changes in Net Position Discussion**

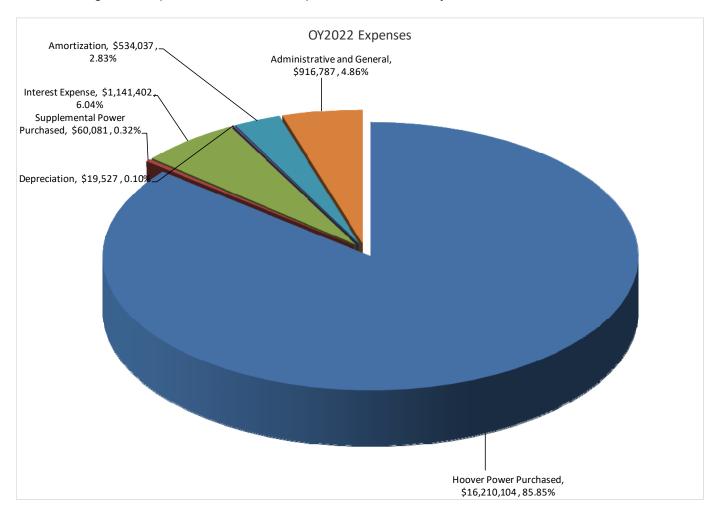
Net position increased overall primarily due to changes in the accrued pension amount, which does not affect rates nor the customer refunds as it is a non-cash item.

### **Business-Type Activities**

The following chart depicts the sources of revenues for the fiscal year 2022:



The following chart depicts the sources of expenses for the fiscal year 2022:



### REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Accounting Department, Arizona Power Authority, 1810 West Adams Street, Phoenix, Arizona, 85007.

## ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	 APA General Fund	 Hoover Operating Fund	 Total
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Short-Term Accounts Receivable, Customer Power Purchases Future Benefit of Reduced Power Rates, Net Short-Term Total Current Assets	\$ 3,992,448 - 750 - 3,993,198	\$ 4,855,725 1,193,179 1,392,327 551,988 7,993,219	\$ 8,848,173 1,193,179 1,393,077 551,988 11,986,417
NONCHIDDENT ACCETS			
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets, Net Investment - Long-Term Future Benefit of Reduced Power Rates, Net Long-Term Total Noncurrent Assets	 127,037 - - 127,037	 1,813,606 20,267,694 22,081,300	 127,037 1,813,606 20,267,694 22,208,337
Total Assets	4,120,235	 30,074,519	 34,194,754
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Relating to Pensions Relating to OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	- - -	 46,926 31,888 78,814	 46,926 31,888 78,814
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Other	_	130,469	130,469
Customer Refunds	_	911,629	911,629
Power Contracts Payable	481	1,404,411	1,404,892
Accrued Interest Payable	-	565,201	565,201
Bonds Payable - Short-Term	_	595,000	595,000
Total Current Liabilities	481	3,606,710	3,607,191
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Bonds Payable - Long-Term	-	23,740,000	23,740,000
Net OPEB Liability	-	119,846	119,846
Net Pension Liability	 	 533,737	 533,737
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 	 24,393,583	 24,393,583
Total Liabilities	481	28,000,293	28,000,774
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Relating to Pensions	_	213,990	213,990
Relating to OPEB	_	54,462	54,462
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	268,452	268,452
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	127,037	-	127,037
Restricted for Debt Service	, -	3,006,785	3,006,785
Unrestricted	3,992,717	(1,122,197)	2,870,520
Total Net Position	\$ 4,119,754	\$ 1,884,588	\$ 6,004,342

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	APA General Fund		Hoover Operating Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	68,755	\$ 18,936,840	\$ 19,005,595
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased Power		60,081	16,210,104	16,270,185
Administrative and General		-	916,787	916,787
Amortization of Hoover Prepayment Program		-	534,037	534,037
Depreciation		19,527	-	19,527
Other		(12,519)	12,519	-
Total Operating Expenses		67,089	17,673,447	17,740,536
Operating Income		1,666	1,263,393	1,265,059
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest Expense		-	(1,141,402)	(1,141,402)
Interest Income		25,013	70,571	 95,584
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)		25,013	(1,070,831)	(1,045,818)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		26,679	192,562	219,241
Net Position - Beginning of Year		4,093,075	1,692,026	 5,785,101
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	4,119,754	\$ 1,884,588	\$ 6,004,342

## ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Cash Received from Customers         \$ 68,005         \$ 18,984,886         \$ 19,052,881           Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services         - (428,165)         (428,165)         (428,165)           Cash Payments to Employees for Services         - (428,165)         (428,165)         (428,165)           Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         20,924         2,030,032         2,050,936           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest on Investments         25,013         70,571         95,584           Purchase of Investments         - (1,754,014)         (1,754,014)           Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments         - (1,755,770)         1,735,770           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         25,013         52,327         77,340           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL           Filterest Payments on Bonds Payable         - (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,156,770)         (1,1740,416)         (1,1740,4			APA General Fund	Hoover Operating Fund	Total
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services         (47,081)         (16,526,689)         (16,573,770)           Cash Payments to Employees for Services         -         (428,165)         (428,165)           Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         20,924         2,030,032         2,050,956           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest on Investments         25,013         70,571         95,584           Purchase of Investments         25,013         70,571         1,735,770           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         25,013         52,327         77,340           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL           FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Interest Payments on Bonds Payable         -         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)           Principal Payments on Bonds Payable         -         (580,000)         (580,000)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (4,646)         (1,735,770)         (1,740,416)           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         41,291         346,589         387,880           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,951,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         3,992,448         4,855,725         8,848,173 </th <th>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         20,924         2,030,032         2,050,956           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments	Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	\$	•	\$ (16,526,689)	\$ (16,573,770)
Interest on Investments			20,924		 
Interest on Investments	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Investments         -         (1,754,014)         (1,754,014)           Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments         -         1,735,770         1,735,770           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         25,013         52,327         77,340           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL           FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Interest Payments on Bonds Payable         -         (1,155,770)         (1,155,770)           Principal Payments on Bonds Payable         -         (580,000)         (580,000)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (4,646)         -         (4,646)           Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities         (4,646)         (1,735,770)         (1,740,416)           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         41,291         346,589         387,880           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,991,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         3,992,448         4,855,725         8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	Interest on Investments		25.013	70.571	95.584
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities   25,013   52,327   77,340	Purchase of Investments				
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities   25,013   52,327   77,340			_	, ,	, ,
PINANCING ACTIVITIES   Interest Payments on Bonds Payable   C			25,013		
Principal Payments on Bonds Payable         -         (580,000)         (580,000)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (4,646)         -         (4,646)           Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities         (4,646)         (1,735,770)         (1,740,416)           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         41,291         346,589         387,880           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,951,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         3,992,448         4,855,725         8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES         5,666         1,263,393         1,265,059           Operating Income         1,666         1,263,393         1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         -         534,037         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from         -         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         -         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Acquisition of Capital Assets	Interest Payments on Bonds Payable		-	(1,155,770)	(1,155,770)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities         (4,646)         (1,735,770)         (1,740,416)           NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         41,291         346,589         387,880           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,951,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 3,992,448         \$ 4,855,725         \$ 8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Operating Income         \$ 1,666         \$ 1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income         \$ 1,9527         - \$ 19,527           Amortization         \$ 19,527         - \$ 19,527           Amortization         \$ 2,340,337         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:         \$ 48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         \$ 408,935         408,935           Deferred Outflows of Resources         \$ 65,055         65,055           Accounts Payable and Other         \$ 5,196         5,196           Power Contracts Payable         481         (52,535)         (52,054)           Net OPEB Liability         \$ (81,194)         (81,194)         (81,194)           Net Pen	Principal Payments on Bonds Payable		-	(580,000)	(580,000)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         41,291         346,589         387,880           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,951,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         3,992,448         \$ 4,855,725         \$ 8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES         Value of the control of the control operating Income         \$ 1,666         \$ 1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         Value of the control operating Income         Value of the	Acquisition of Capital Assets		(4,646)	-	(4,646)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         3,951,157         4,509,136         8,460,293           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         3,992,448         4,855,725         8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Operating Income         \$ 1,666         1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         -         534,037         534,037         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:         (750)         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         -         408,935         408,935           Deferred Outflows of Resources         -         65,055         65,055           Accounts Payable and Other         -         (33,162)         (33,162)           Customer Refunds         -         5,196         5,196           Power Contracts Payable         481         (52,535)         (52,054)           Net OPEB Liability         -         (38,076)         (38,076)           Net Pension Liability         -         (89,663)         (89,663)	Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(4,646)	(1,735,770)	(1,740,416)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 3,992,448         \$ 4,855,725         \$ 8,848,173           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Operating Income to Net Cash Provided Dy Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         \$ 1,666         \$ 1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         \$ 19,527         - 19,527           Amortization         - 534,037         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:         (750)         48,046         47,296           Accounts Receivable         (750)         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         - 408,935         408,935           Deferred Outflows of Resources         - 65,055         65,055           Accounts Payable and Other         - (33,162)         (33,162)           Customer Refunds         - 5,196         5,196           Power Contracts Payable         481         (52,535)         (52,054)           Net OPEB Liability         - (38,076)         (38,076)           Net Pension Liability         - (81,194)         (81,194)           Deferred Inflows of Resources         - (89,663)         (89,663)	NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		41,291	346,589	387,880
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Operating Income         \$ 1,666         \$ 1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         Depreciation         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         -         534,037         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:         Accounts Receivable         (750)         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         -         408,935         408,935           Deferred Outflows of Resources         -         65,055         65,055           Accounts Payable and Other         -         (33,162)         (33,162)           Customer Refunds         -         5,196         5,196           Power Contracts Payable         481         (52,535)         (52,054)           Net OPEB Liability         -         (38,076)         (38,076)           Net Pension Liability         -         (81,194)         (81,194)           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         (89,663)         (89,663)	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3,951,157	 4,509,136	 8,460,293
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Operating Income         \$ 1,666         \$ 1,263,393         \$ 1,265,059           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         Depreciation         19,527         -         19,527           Amortization         -         534,037         534,037           Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:         Accounts Receivable         (750)         48,046         47,296           Prepaid Other         -         408,935         408,935           Deferred Outflows of Resources         -         65,055         65,055           Accounts Payable and Other         -         (33,162)         (33,162)           Customer Refunds         -         5,196         5,196           Power Contracts Payable         481         (52,535)         (52,054)           Net OPEB Liability         -         (38,076)         (38,076)           Net Pension Liability         -         (81,194)         (81,194)           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         (89,663)         (89,663)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,992,448	\$ 4,855,725	\$ 8,848,173
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:         Depreciation       19,527       - 19,527         Amortization       - 534,037       534,037         Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from Changes in:       - 84,046       47,296         Accounts Receivable       (750)       48,046       47,296         Prepaid Other       - 408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       - 65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       - (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       - 5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       - (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       - (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       - (89,663)       (89,663)		)			
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:  Depreciation 19,527 - 19,527  Amortization - 534,037 534,037  Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from  Changes in:  Accounts Receivable (750) 48,046 47,296  Prepaid Other - 408,935 408,935  Deferred Outflows of Resources - 65,055 65,055  Accounts Payable and Other - (33,162) (33,162)  Customer Refunds - 5,196 5,196  Power Contracts Payable - 481 (52,535) (52,054)  Net OPEB Liability - (38,076) (38,076)  Net Pension Liability - (81,194)  Deferred Inflows of Resources - (89,663) (89,663)	•	\$	1,666	\$ 1,263,393	\$ 1,265,059
Amortization       -       534,037       534,037         Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from       Changes in:         Accounts Receivable       (750)       48,046       47,296         Prepaid Other       -       408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	•				
Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting from         Changes in:       (750)       48,046       47,296         Accounts Receivable       (750)       48,046       47,296         Prepaid Other       -       408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	Depreciation		19,527	-	19,527
Changes in:       (750)       48,046       47,296         Prepaid Other       -       408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	Amortization		-	534,037	534,037
Accounts Receivable       (750)       48,046       47,296         Prepaid Other       -       408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	, ,				
Prepaid Other       -       408,935       408,935         Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)			(750)	48.046	47.296
Deferred Outflows of Resources       -       65,055       65,055         Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)			-		
Accounts Payable and Other       -       (33,162)       (33,162)         Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	·		_		
Customer Refunds       -       5,196       5,196         Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)			_		
Power Contracts Payable       481       (52,535)       (52,054)         Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	•		_		
Net OPEB Liability       -       (38,076)       (38,076)         Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)			481		
Net Pension Liability       -       (81,194)       (81,194)         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       (89,663)       (89,663)	•		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources (89,663) (89,663)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		
	•		_	, ,	
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	20,924	\$ 2,030,032	\$ 2,050,956

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Description of Business**

The Arizona Power Authority (the Authority) is a body, corporate and politic, without taxing power, established by the Arizona Legislature on May 27, 1944 by the Power Authority Act. Under the Power Authority Act, the Authority is directed to obtain electric power developed from the mainstream of the Colorado River and sell such power to certain qualified purchasers. The Power Authority Act provides that the Authority must be a self-supporting agency and prohibits the Authority from incurring any obligation, which would be binding upon the state of Arizona.

The Authority supplies capacity and energy on a wholesale basis to certain power purchasers in the state of Arizona. The Authority's primary source of power and energy is the Hoover Power Plant at Hoover Dam, located approximately 25 miles from Las Vegas, Nevada. Hoover power is produced by the Boulder Canyon Project hydropower plant owned by the Bureau of Reclamation. Hoover Dam is the highest and third largest concrete dam in the United States of America. Hoover Dam was dedicated in 1935 and the first generator of the Hoover Power Plant was in full operation in October 1936. The Hoover Power Plant has been in continuous operation since that time. Power and energy from the Hoover Power Plant is transmitted to load centers in Arizona, California, and Nevada. The Authority first contracted for Arizona's share of Hoover power in 1952 and has continuously provided power and energy to its customers since that time.

The Authority is governed by a commission of five members appointed by the Governor and approved by the state Senate (the Commission). The term of office for each member is six years and the members select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership for two-year terms.

Pursuant to Arizona law, the Commission serves as the Authority's regulatory body with the exclusive authority to establish electric prices. The Authority is required to follow certain procedures, pertaining to public notice requirements and public meetings, before implementing changes in electric price schedules.

### Measurement Focus

The Authority's funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. The Authority's reported total net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted components.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to a governmental entity.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

Basis of accounting refers to the time at which revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accrual basis of accounting is used by the Authority whereby revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Revenue Recognition**

The Authority recognizes revenue when power is delivered to the customers.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Authority treats short-term temporary cash investments with original maturities, when purchased, of three months or less as cash equivalents.

### Investments

The Authority's investments are U.S. Treasury obligations which are used to fund its debt service obligation. All such investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets are initially stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the property items, which range from 3 to 20 years. The costs of additions and replacements are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

Retirements, sales, and disposals are recorded by removing the cost and accumulated depreciation from the asset, with any resulting gain or loss reflected in other income or expense within the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the fair value is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss is recognized for the difference.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Customer Advances**

The Authority's 1987 customer contracts expired on September 30, 2017 and were replaced by 50-year contracts which reallocated approximately 5% of the Authority's entitlement to thirty-five new customers commencing on October 1, 2017. As part of the reallocation, transition costs and repayable advances were reconciled as of the end of the prior contracts and the proportionate share of these costs were calculated for the new customers. The Authority is acting as an agent on behalf of its old customers and new customers in remitting prepaid costs to old customers. These amounts are shown on the Statement of Net Position as Customer Advances under Noncurrent Assets (for amounts prepaid by the Authority to the Western Area Power Administration on the customers' behalf) and as part of Accounts Payable and Other (for amounts collected from customers but not yet submitted to the "old" Authority customers and the Western Area Power Administration).

### **Presentation of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the basic statement of net position in a separate section following assets and liabilities, respectively. The Authority elected the optional statement of net position presentation.

The Authority recognizes the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources. The deferred outflows of resources are related to the Authority's pension and OPEB plans.

The Authority recognizes the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources relate to the Authority's pension and OPEB plans.

### **Hoover Prepayment Program**

The Power Resource Revenue Bonds, (2014 Series Bonds) (Hoover Prepayment Program) were issued to advance funds to cover the Authority's proportionate share of the obligations incurred by the United States Bureau of Reclamation for certain improvements at Hoover Dam. The original advance of \$23,843,169 will result in a reduction of future rates paid by the Authority for the power and energy from the Boulder Canyon Project. The Authority reports the future benefit of reduced power rates as an asset in the Statement of Net Position. The future benefit of reduced power rates are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the life of the bonds which will mature October 1, 2045. The amortization expense is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

### **Pension Plans**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and additions to/deductions from ASRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### <u>Application of Net Position to Expenses Incurred</u>

The Authority's restricted resources are funds held by the trustee in the debt service and debt service reserve accounts. The Authority uses restricted resources solely for debt service associated with its outstanding bonds. The Authority would apply unrestricted, net position to expenses incurred which are not restricted.

### **Customer Credits**

The Authority operates on a nonprofit basis and reduces charges to its customers through credits on power bills or checks to customers during the subsequent operating year for any revenues collected in excess of expenses during the current operating year. The Authority is required under state statute to set the rates at levels sufficient to pay all expenses incurred during the operating year.

Refunds of \$906,433 were paid to the customers during the year ended September 30, 2022.

### **Income Taxes**

The Authority is exempt from federal and Arizona state corporate income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Geographic and Product Concentration**

The Authority's revenues are derived from the sale of electrical power and services to water districts, electrical and irrigation districts, and cities, which represent contracted customers in the state of Arizona. The Hoover Operating Fund is used to purchase electric power solely from Western. The Authority's APA General Fund is used to purchase electric power from various providers.

### NOTE 2 FUND ACCOUNTING

### **Hoover Operating Fund**

The Hoover Operating Fund accounted for revenues and expenses applicable to the sale and purchase of power and energy received by the APA from the Western Power Administration (WAPA) under its Hoover Energy contract. Agreements with purchasers committed to APA to sell and transmit this energy essentially at or near cost, specifying that any unexpended balance in the Fund at the end of the Operating Year ending September 30, 2022 will be returned to the purchasers pro rata on the basis of their energy entitlement percentages as computed under the agreements.

The powers granted the Arizona Power Authority are broad in scope, allowing the Authority the ability to construct or participate in multiple energy projects. Pursuant to Arizona Revised Statute 30-121, the Authority has contracted with Western Area Power Administration to purchase and resell Electric Service from Hoover Dam (Boulder Canyon Project) on behalf of the State of Arizona. As each project is unique, the Authority has established a separate fund for the operation, maintenance, and debt service repayment for this project. This included the "2014 Refinance - Revenue Bonds".

### NOTE 2 FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

### **APA General Fund**

The Authority's operations other than those applicable to the Hoover Operating Fund are accounted for in the APA General Fund. The purchase of supplemental power and the sale and transmission of such power to the Authority's customers comprise the majority of this fund's activity.

### NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All cash and cash equivalent balances except for bond funds held by the Trustee are maintained by the state of Arizona Treasurer within the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and investments are not subject to custodial credit risk. The state Board of Investment conducts monthly reviews of investment activity and performance. LGIP amounts are carried at fair value. Participant shares are purchased and sold based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the shares. The NAV is determined by dividing the fair value of the portfolio by the total shares outstanding. The Authority's LGIP investment balance represents its cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2022.

### NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE

In determining fair value, the Authority uses various valuation approaches within the fair value measurement framework. Fair value measurements are determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Fair value measurements framework establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available.

Fair value measurements define levels within the hierarchy based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer or broker-traded transactions.

### NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

The Authority's investments at September 30, 2022, categorized within the fair value hierarchy detailed above were as follows:

External Investment Pools Measured at Fair Value:

State Treasurer's Investment Pool \$8,848,173

Investments by Amortized Cost:

Money Market Funds 3,006,785
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ 11,854,958

### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets of the Authority at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	ı	Balance Beginning of Year	Å	Additions	D	eletions	Balance End of Year
Transmission Plant	\$	289,049	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 289,049
Distribution Plant		227,518		-		-	227,518
General Plant - Office		799,005		4,646		(36,341)	767,310
Total Depreciable Assets		1,315,572		4,646		(36,341)	1,283,877
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Transmission Plant		(289,049)		-		-	(289,049)
Distribution Plant		(227,518)		-		-	(227,518)
General Plant - Office		(657,087)		(19,527)		36,341	(640,273)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,173,654)		(19,527)		36,341	(1,156,840)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	141,918	\$	(14,881)	\$	-	\$ 127,037

The Authority's depreciation expense was \$19,527 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The transmission and distribution plants are comprised of a substation and related equipment. Purchased power is delivered over transmission facilities owned by Western.

### NOTE 6 HOOVER PREPAYMENT PROGRAM

The future benefit of reduced power rates reported as an asset at September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Future Benefit of Reduced Power Rates	\$ 23,843,169
Accumulated Amortization	 (3,023,487)
Future Benefit of Reduced Power Rates, Net	\$ 20,819,682

The Authority's amortization of future benefit of reduced power rates was \$534,037 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

### NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable consists of the following:

	(	October 1,							Se	eptember 30,
		2021	Ind	creases	R	eductions	1	Fransfers		2022
Bonds Payable:										
Short-Term	\$	580,000	\$	-	\$	(580,000)	\$	595,000	\$	595,000
Bond Payable Long-Term		24,335,000		-		-		(595,000)		23,740,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$	24,915,000	\$	-	\$	(580,000)	\$	-	\$	24,335,000

The Authority's outstanding bonds, totaling \$24,335,000, bear interest ranging from 1.799% to 4.918%, are due through Fiscal Year 2045, and are secured by the pledged property, as defined by the bond resolution, which includes the proceeds from the sale of the bonds, rights, and interest in various contracts and revenues.

Principal and interest amounts due over the next five fiscal years ending September 30 and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 595,000	\$ 1,141,402
2024	615,000	1,121,595
2025	635,000	1,100,014
2026	660,000	1,076,653
2027	685,000	1,051,381
2028-2032	3,885,000	4,802,657
2033-2037	4,890,000	3,786,614
2038-2042	6,210,000	2,460,475
2043-2046	6,160,000	775,815
Total	\$ 24,335,000	\$ 17,316,605

### NOTE 8 RETIREMENT PLANS

The Authority contributes to the Arizona Statement Retirement System plan described below. The plan is a component unit of the state of Arizona.

At September 30, 2022, the Authority reported the following amounts related to the pension plan to which it contributes:

	Bus	ıness-Type
Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	P	Activities
Net Pension Liability	\$	533,737
Deferred Outflows of Resources		46,926
Deferred Inflows of Resources		213,990
Pension Expense		(153,219)

**Plan Descriptions** – Authority employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB); and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB). The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2, and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its web site at www.azasrs.gov.

The OPEB plan for ASRS is not included in the Authority's financial statements as the liability and related deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and OPEB expense are not material.

Disclosures related to the OPEB plan for the Arizona Department of Administration Retiree Health Care Plan are not included as the liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and OPEB expense are not significant to the Authority's financial statements.

### NOTE 8 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement									
	Initial Membership Date:									
	Before 7/1/2011	On or After 7/1/2011								
Years of Service and	Sum of Years and Age Equals 80	30 Years, Age 55								
Age Required to	10 Years, Age 62	25 Years, Age 60								
Receive Benefits	Any Years, Age 65	10 Years, Age 62								
	Age plus credited service equaling 80 or more	Any Years, Age 65								
Final Average Salary is	Highest 36 Consecutive Months	Highest 60 Consecutive Months								
Based on:	of Last 120 Months	of Last 120 Months								
Benefit Percentage per	0.40/ 1. 0.00/	0.40/ 1. 0.00/								
Years of Service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%								

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended September 30, 2022, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22% from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 12.03% from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022 of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Authority was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.01% from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 12.03% from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022 of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the Authority was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.13% from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 9.68% from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022 of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Authority in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS. The Authority's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$47,299.

During the operating year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority paid all ASRS pension contributions out of the Hoover Operating Fund.

### NOTE 8 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

**Pension Liability** – At September 30, 2022, the Authority reported a liability of \$533,737 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Authority's proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, was 0.00327%, which was a decrease of 0.00141% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** – For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense (revenue) for ASRS of \$(153,219). At September 30, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred		Deferred
	C	Outflows		Inflows
	of F	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	4,548	\$	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		26,490		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		-		14,059
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Authority				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		199,931
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		15,888		
Total	\$	46,926	\$	213,990

The \$15,888 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from the Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Amount					
2023	\$	(107,295)				
2024		(73,749)				
2025		(24,410)				
2026		22,502				

### NOTE 8 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Roll Forward Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation	Fair Value
Discount Rate	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases	2.9 - 8.4%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent Benefit Increase	Included
Mortality Rates	2017 SRA Scale LLM

2017 SRA Scale U-MP Mortality Rates

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.0% using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target Asset	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50 %	3.90 %
Credit	20	5.30
Interest Rate Sensitive Bonds	10	(0.20)
Real Estate	20	6.00
Total Asset Allocation	100 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### NOTE 8 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	6 Increase			
		(6.0%)		(7.0%)	(8.0%)				
Authority's Proportionate Share of the									
Net Pension Liability	\$	787,513	\$	533,737	\$	322,127			

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

### NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Lower Colorado Multi-Species Conservation Program (MSCP) is a cooperative effort between Federal and nonfederal entities that will create more than 8,100 acres of riparian, marsh, and backwater habitat for 31 species of fish, birds, mammals, and plants. The program became effective on April 4, 2005 and expires April 30, 2055. As a party to this Agreement, the Arizona Power Authority's financial obligation is approximately \$119,000 per year (in 2003 dollars, adjusted annually for inflation). For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority paid \$185,467 for the MSCP.

The Authority is involved in various claims arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which, in the opinion of management, if determined adversely against the Authority, will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Authority.

### NOTE 10 INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEE

Certain funds of the Authority are secured under the Authority's bond resolution and held by the Authority's Trustee. The Authority has no formal policy concerning exposure to custodial credit risk, interest rate risk or credit risk. The Authority's investments held by the trustee consist of money market funds as of September 30, 2022. The fair value of the investment securities at September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Money Market Funds \_\_\_\$ 3,006,785

### NOTE 11 PURCHASED POWER AND SALES COMMITMENTS

As of October 1, 2017, the Authority has reallocated and entered into new take-or-pay contracts with 63 customers, across the state of Arizona, for a 50-year contract period. Under these contracts, customers are obligated to pay for their proportionate share of Hoover power and operation of the Authority.

The Authority is party to a new contract for electric service with Western which began October 1, 2017. This requires the Authority to pay approximately 19.75% of Western's revenue requirements each operating year until the contract expires. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority paid \$16,210,104 for purchased power under this contract. The Authority is obligated to pay these costs under the contract even in the unlikely event that no power is supplied.

The Authority has power contracts with Salt River Project (SRP), Southwest Public Power Agency, Inc. (SPPA), and Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) in which supplemental power purchases can be made by the Authority on behalf of its customers. There are no minimum quantities that the Authority is required to purchase. This agreement is applicable when supplemental power is necessary, during such times of low production of Hoover energy, and during summer months when customers require higher levels of energy. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Authority paid \$60,081 for purchased power under these contracts.

### **NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management evaluated subsequent events through March 7, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### **ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY**

### (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA)

### SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY IN THE ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ASRS) PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

Operating Year - September 30 (Measurement Date - June 30)

2012

											2012	
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	Through	
	 (2022)	 (2021)	 (2020)	 (2019)	 (2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	 (2014)	(2013)	2011	
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00327%	0.00468%	0.00588%	0.00647%	0.00651%	0.00472%	0.00459%	0.00593%	0.00610%	0.00771%	Information Not Available	
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 533,737	\$ 614,931	\$ 1,018,799	\$ 941,460	\$ 907,916	\$ 735,285	\$ 740,872	\$ 923,113	\$ 902,329	\$ 1,282,102		
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 428,165	\$ 551,651	\$ 587,799	\$ 689,249	\$ 647,354	\$ 460,462	\$ 429,939	\$ 517,487	\$ 491,323	\$ 683,359		
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	124.66%	111.47%	173.32%	136.59%	140.25%	159.68%	172.32%	178.38%	183.65%	187.62%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.57%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	nformation ot Available		

# ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA) SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ASRS) PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND TEN YEARS PRIOR

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$ 47,299	\$ 64,267	\$ 67,303	\$ 77,058	\$ 73,155	\$ 49,638	\$ 46,648	\$ 59,623	\$ 58,819	\$ 70,239	\$ 71,733		
Authority's Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	47,299	64,267	67,303	77,058	73,155	49,638	46,648	59,623	58,819	70,239	71,733		
Authority's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 428,165	\$ 551,651	\$ 587,799	\$ 689,249	\$ 647,354	\$ 460,462	\$ 429,939	\$ 517,487	\$ 491,323	\$ 683,359	\$ 714,370		
Authority's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	11.05%	11.65%	11.45%	11.18%	11.30%	10.78%	10.85%	11.52%	11.97%	10.28%	10.04%		

### ARIZONA POWER AUTHORITY (A BODY, CORPORATE AND POLITIC, OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA) NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### NOTE 1 ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATE

Actuarial determined contribution rates for ASRS are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date

Actuarial Roll Forward Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Asset Valuation

Discount Rate

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2022

Entry Age Normal

Fair Value

7.0%

Projected Salary Increases 2.9 - 8.4% Inflation 2.3% Permanent Benefit Increase Included

Mortality Rates 2017 SRA Scale U-MP

